The Effects of Using Fruit as a Substitute for Sugar on the Overall Quality of Cookies

S Espasita and Kathlaa

Julia Esposito and Kathleen Law Experimental Foods, Fall 2021 Section 3, Stations 5 & 6

Diabetes

- Diabetes is a long-lasting health condition that affects how your body turns food into energy
 - The body can't make
 enough insulin OR the
 body cannot use insulin as
 easily
- or no insulin = blood glucose
- 3 main types: Type 1, Type 2, and gestational diabetes (GD)

- 34.2 million US adults have diabetes, which is the 7th leading cause of death in the United States (CDC.gov)
- Counting carbohydrates in foods and drinks is a vital tool for managing blood sugar levels
- Prevention:
 - Type 1: no prevention, just maintenance
 - Type 2: healthy diet low in sugar and saturated fat, and with regular exercise
 - GD: exercise before pregnancy, healthy diet (high fiber)

Cookies

It is not only important for people with diabetes to control their blood sugar levels by being mindful of what they eat. Consuming adequate fiber is an often overlooked way to help keep blood sugar balanced.

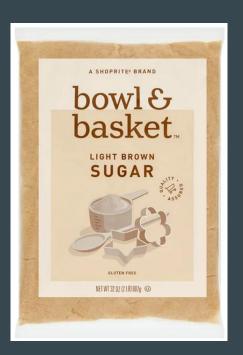


1 tsp. sugar = 4 grams of carbohydrates, all of which are "added sugar."

Sugar does **NOT** provide fiber.

Products with less sugar and more fiber may benefit people with diabetes.

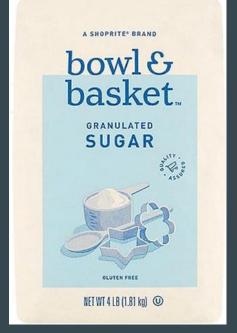
Granulated & Brown Sugar



Sugar not only leads to sweetness in baked items, it also influences color (browning), moisture, tenderness, volume, and nutritional value (added sugar, total carbohydrates, and overall calories).

Nutrition Facts			
Serving Size: 1 full recip	oe		
Amount Per Servin	ıg	% Daily Value*	
Calories	560.1 kcal	28 %	
Total Fat	- g	- %	
Saturated Fat	- g	- %	
Trans Fat	- g		
Cholesterol	- mg	- %	
Sodium	41.3 mg	2 %	
Total Carbohydrate	e 144.6 g	48 %	
Dietary Fiber	- g	- %	
Sugars	143 g		
Protein	0.2 g	0 %	
Vitamin A	- % • Vitamin C	- %	
Calcium	12 % • Iron	6 %	
* Percent Daily Values a daily values may be high needs.			

Nutrition Facts		
Serving Size: 1 full recip	e	
Amount Per Servin	g	% Daily Value*
Calories	387 kcal	19 %
Total Fat	- g	- %
Saturated Fat	- g	- %
Trans Fat	- g	
Cholesterol	- mg	- %
Sodium	1 mg	0 %
Total Carbohydrate	100 g	33 %
Dietary Fiber	- g	- %
Sugars	99.8 g	
Protein	- g	- %
Vitamin A	- % • Vitamin C	- %
Calcium	0 % • Iron	0 %
* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.		



This recipe calls for ½ cup brown sugar (left) and ½ cup of granulated sugar (right).

Substitute 1: Banana

Banana

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size: 1 full recipe

Amount Per Serving	g	% Daily Value*
Calories	105 kcal	5 %
Total Fat	0.4 g	1 %
Saturated Fat	0.1 g	1 %
Trans Fat	0 g	
Cholesterol	0 mg	0 %
Sodium	1.2 mg	0 %
Total Carbohydrate	27 g	9 %
Dietary Fiber	3.1 g	12 %
Sugars	14.4 g	
Protein	1.3 g	3 %
Vitamin A	2 % • Vitamin C	17 %
Calcium	1 % • Iron	2 %

^{*} Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.



Substitute 2: Applesauce

Mott's, Unsweetened Applesauce, Apple

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 100a

corring cize reag		
Amount Per Serving	g	% Daily Value*
Calories	40.7 kcal	2 %
Total Fat	0 g	0 %
Saturated Fat	0 g	0 %
Trans Fat	0 g	
Cholesterol	0 mg	0 %
Sodium	0 mg	0 %
Total Carbohydrate	11.4 g	4 %
Dietary Fiber	0.8 g	3 %
Sugars	9.8 g	
Protein	0 g	0 %
Vitamin A	0 % • Vitamin C	16 %
Calcium	0 % • Iron	0 %

^{*} Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.



INGREDIENTS: APPLES, WATER, ASCORBIC ACID (VITAMIN C).

Substitute 3: Dates

10 servings per container Serving Size 2 Date	s (40g)
Amount per serving	
Calories 11	10
% Daily	Value*
Total Fat Og	0%
Saturated Fat 0g	0%
Trans Fat 0g	
Cholesterol Omg	0%
Sodium Omg	0%
Total Carbohydrate 30g	11%
Dietary Fiber 3g	11%
Total Sugars 25g	
Includes Og Added Sugars	0%
Protein 1g	
Vit. D 0mcg 0% • Calcium 20	Omg 2%
Iron 0.4mg 2% • Potas. 26	0mg 6%
Magnesium 20mg 4% • Biotin 3	mca8%



Ingredients: Organic Medjool Dates

Hypotheses

- Fruit sweetened cookies will have fewer grams of sugar compared to the sugar sweetened cookies, which is beneficial for diabetics.
- 2. Fruit sweetened cookies will be statistically significantly different in baking time compared to the sugar sweetened cookies, with the **fruit sweetened cookies** having a longer total baking time.
- 3. The taste of the fruit sweetened cookies will be statistically significantly different when compared to the sugar sweetened cookies, the **sugar sweetened** cookies being rated more sweet.
- 4. The overall liking of the fruit sweetened cookies will be statistically significantly different than the sugar sweetened cookies, with the sugar sweetened cookies having a higher overall liking.

Experimental Design - Recipe

Recipe	Ingredients	Methods/Changes
Added Sugars - 519 (Control)	¾ cup vegan butter, ¾ cup brown sugar, ½ cup granulated sugar. ⅓ cup applesauce, 1 tbsp ground flaxseeds, 2 tsp cinnamon, 1 tsp vanilla extract, 1 tsp baking powder, 1 tsp baking soda, ½ tsp salt, 2 cups all-purpose flour, 2 cups rolled oats, 1+⅓ cup coconut flakes, ¾ cup vegan chocolate chips	Preheat oven to 350 degrees Fahrenheit. Add the butter, brown & granulated sugars to a large bowl and cream together. Add the applesauce, flaxseed, cinnamon, vanilla, baking powder, baking soda, and salt. Mix until well combined. Add flour, oats, and coconut flakes. Fold them in gently. Add the chocolate chips. Stir again. Using a small scoop, drop dough onto a parchment-lined baking tray. Bake for 12-14 minutes, or until lightly golden brown. Let the cookies rest for 5 minutes, then move to wire rack. Enjoy!
Banana - 305 (Substitution 1)	Swap out brown & granulated sugars. Add 1 mashed banana.	Mash one ripe banana, mix together with butter.
Applesauce - 128 (Substitution 2)	Swap out brown & granulated sugars. Add 1 cup unsweetened applesauce.	Add 1 cup of applesauce to butter and mix.
Dates - 475 (Substitution 3)	Swap out brown & granulated sugars. Add 1 cup soaked and chopped dates.	Soak 1 cup of pitted dates in hot water for at least 30 minutes. Drain the dates and dice them small. Add the dates to the butter and mix.

Experimental Design - Evaluations

Sensory Measures

- 5 panelists
- ❖ 7 attributes:
 - > Appearance:
 - Exterior Golden Brown
 - Interior Dense
 - > Texture:
 - __ Chewy
 - Moist
 - ➤ Taste: Sweet
 - > Flavor: Fruity
 - > Overall Liking



Julia measuring the diameter of the cookies, using the digital caliper.

Objective Measures

- Height in millimeters
- Diameter in millimeters
- ❖ Baking Time



Sensory evaluation presentation.

Results



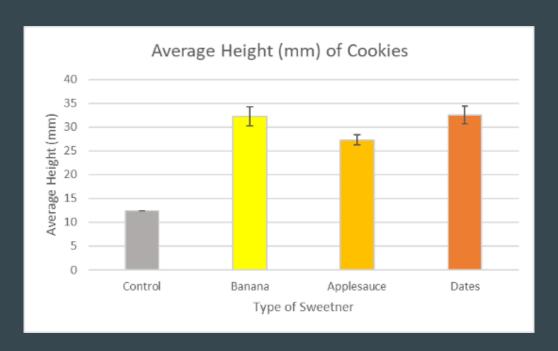
Kathleen (left) and Julia (right) with their fruit and sugar sweetened cookies.

The cookies baked with granulated and brown sugars fell flat compared to the previous week, when they were first tested, which influenced the objective evaluations.



Brown and granulated sugar sweetened cookies versus fruit sweetened cookies (519, 305, 128, 475 <u>respectively)</u>.

Objective Results - Height (mm)



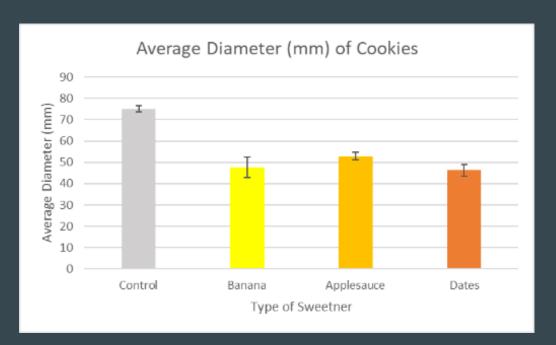
Banana: ρ-value 0.00
Applesauce: ρ-value 0.00
Dates: ρ-value 0.00

The bananas, applesauce, and dates had p-values < 0.05, which indicates there is a significant difference in the height (mm) of cookies using the alternative sweeteners compared to the control.

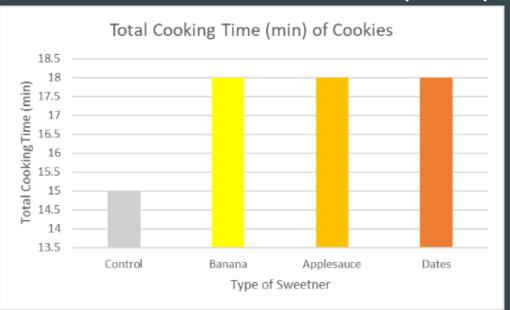
Objective Results - Diameter (mm)

Banana: ρ-value 0.00
Applesauce: ρ-value 0.00
Dates: ρ-value 0.00

The bananas, applesauce, and dates had p-values < 0.05, which indicates there is a significant difference in the diameter (mm) of cookies using the alternative sweeteners compared to the control.



Objective Results - Total Cooking Time (min)



The control took the shortest time to cook: 15 minutes

The cookies made with bananas, applesauce, and dates took the longest time to cook: 18 minutes

Note: We were not able to determine the significant difference between the total cooking time due to only one set of data conducted.

Appearance - Golden Brown

Compared to the control:

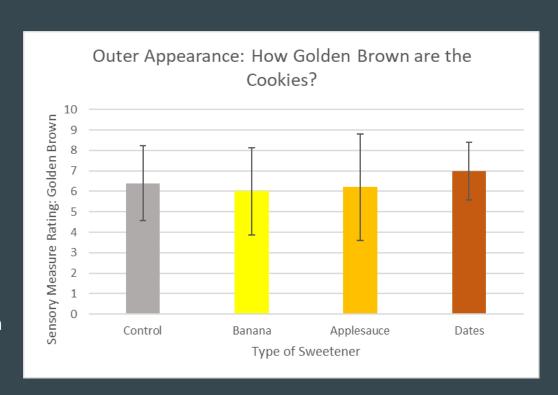
Banana: p-value 0.37

Applesauce: p-value 0.70

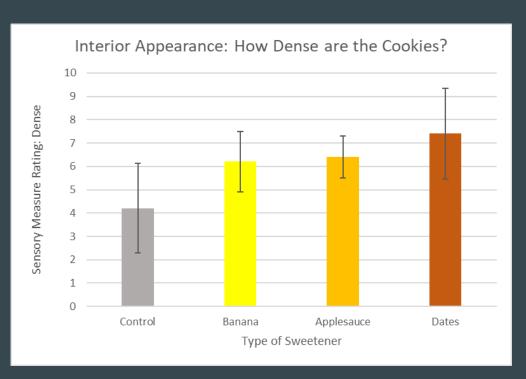
Dates: p-value 0.30

T-tests for bananas, applesauce, and dates versus the control resulted in p-values greater than 0.05, which means that there were NO statistically significant differences.

Dates were rated the most golden brown, while bananas were the least.



Appearance - Density



Compared to the control:

Banana: p-value 0.20

Applesauce: p-value 0.09

Dates: p-value 0.09

T-tests for bananas, applesauce, and dates versus the control resulted in p-values greater than 0.05, which means that there were NO statistically significant differences.

Dates were rated the most dense, while the control was the least.

Texture - Chewy

Compared to the control:

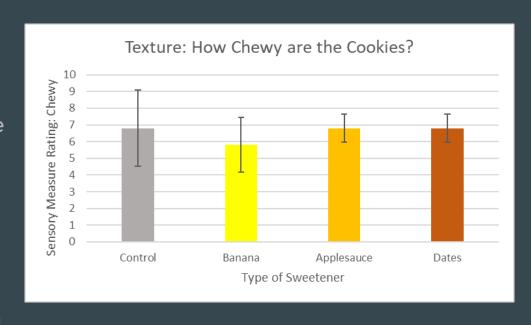
Banana: p-value 0.59

Applesauce: p-value 1

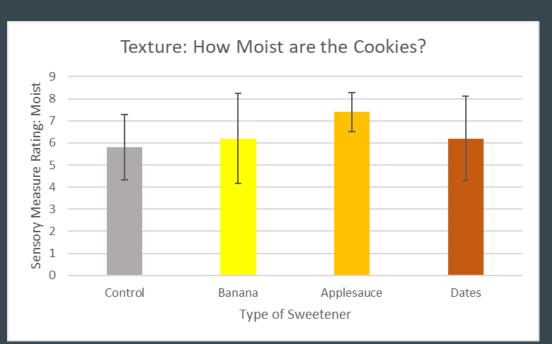
Dates: p-value 1

The t-tests for bananas, applesauce, and dates versus the control resulted in p-values greater than 0.05, which means that there were <u>NO</u> statistically significant differences.

Dates, applesauce, and the control were rated as chewy as one another, all more chewy than banana.



Texture - Moist



Compared to the control:

Banana: p-value 0.78

Applesauce: p-value 0.18

Dates: p-value 0.79

T-tests for bananas, applesauce, and dates versus the control resulted in p-values greater than 0.05, which means that there were NO statistically significant differences.

Applesauce was rated the most moist, while the control was the least. Banana and dates were tied in the middle.

Taste - Sweet

Compared to the control:

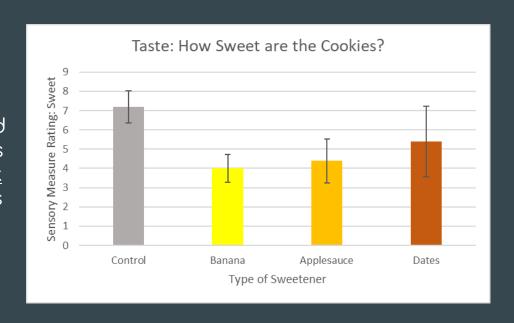
Banana: p-value 0.003

Applesauce: p-value 0.025

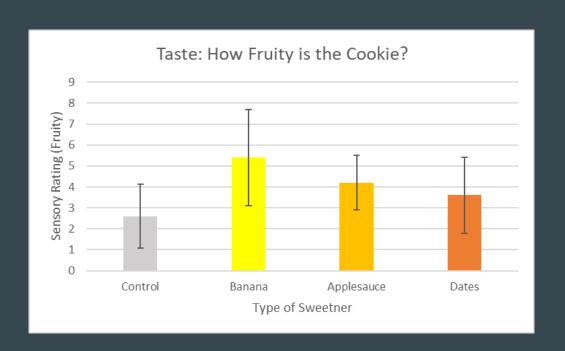
Dates: p-value 0.121

The t-tests for bananas and applesauce versus the control resulted in p-values less than 0.05, which means that there were statistically significant differences. The t-test for dates versus the control was greater than 0.05; NO statistically significant difference.

The control was rated the most sweet, while banana was the least.



Flavor - Fruity



Banana: ρ-value 0.11 **Applesauce**: ρ-value 0.27 **Dates**: ρ-value 0.27

The applesauce had a p-value < 0.05, which indicates there is a significant difference in how fruity the flavor of the applesauce cookies were in comparison to the original.

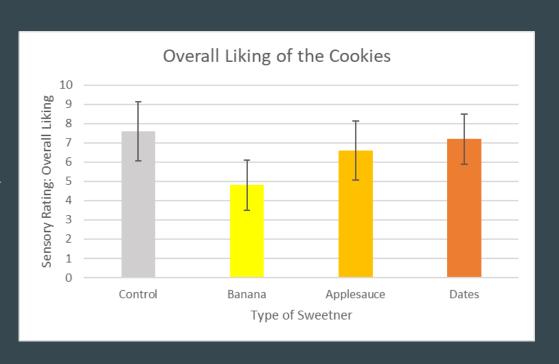
The banana cookies were rated the most fruity.

Overall Liking of the Cookies

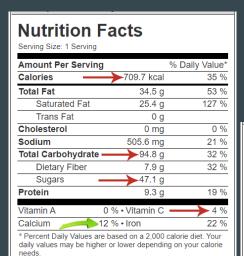
Banana: ρ-value <u>0.05</u>
Applesauce: ρ-value 0.47
Dates: ρ-value 0.37

The bananas had a p-value equal to 0.05, which indicates there is a significant difference in the overall liking of the banana cookies in comparison to the original.

The control cookies were rated the highest as far as overall liking.



Nutrition Facts Labels



Granulated & Brown Sugar

Banana

Nutrition Facts Serving Size: 1 Serving

Amount Per Serving	9	% Daily Value*
Calories	561.8 kcal	28 %
Total Fat	34.3 g	53 %
Saturated Fat	24.7 g	123 %
Trans Fat	0 g	
Cholesterol	0 mg	0 %
Sodium —	646.7 mg	27 %
Total Carbohydrate	63.6 g	21 %
Dietary Fiber	10 g	40 %
Sugars	12.7 g	
Protein	9.5 g	19 %
Vitamin A	0 % • Vitamin C	7 %
Calcium	7 % • Iron	36 %

^{*} Percent Daily Values are based on a 2.000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size: 1 Serving Amount Per Serving

Amount Per Serving	3	% Daily value	
Calories	561.5 kcal	28 %	
Total Fat	34.3 g	53 %	
Saturated Fat	24.6 g	123 %	
Trans Fat	0 g		
Cholesterol	0 mg	0 %	
Sodium	647.2 mg	27 %	
Total Carbohydrate	63.7 g	21 %	
Dietary Fiber	9.9 g	40 %	
Sugars	13.9 g		
Protein	9.4 g	19 %	
Vitamin A	0 % • Vitamin C	16 %	
Calcium	7 % • Iron	36 %	
* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2 000 calorie diet. Your			

0/ Doily \/oluo*

Unsweetened Applesauce

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size: 1 Serving

Cerving Cize: 1 Cerving		
Amount Per Serving	y % [Daily Value*
Calories	608.5 kcal 🚤	30 %
Total Fat	34.5 g	53 %
Saturated Fat	25.4 g	127 %
Trans Fat	0 g	
Cholesterol	0 mg	0 %
Sodium	501.4 mg	21 %
Total Carbohydrate	68.9 g	23 %
Dietary Fiber	8.3 g	33 %
Sugars	21 g	
Protein	9.6 g	19 %
Vitamin A	0 % • Vitamin C	10 %
Calcium	11 % • Iron	21 %
* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie		

needs

Full Info at cronometer.com

</>

daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie

Discussion - Objective Attributes

Hypotheses **Supported**

- The objective attributes that were measured (height in mm, diameter in mm, and total cooking time) <u>supported</u> our hypothesis
- In regards to the p-values
 - Height(mm): all 3 variables had ρvalues < 0.05
 - Diameter(mm): all 3 variables hadp-values < 0.05
 - Time(min): Hypothesis was <u>supported</u>, but unable to perform a t-test

Any Surprises?

 The control cookies fell flat during the second week compared to the first





Done Differently?

 Being able to perform a t-test for the total baking time of the cookies to generate a p-value and find the statistical significance

Discussion - Sensory Attributes

- The control cookies were rated the most sweet and had the highest overall liking, they were also rated the least dense and the least moist.
- Banana cookies were the most fruity, but the least sweet, least golden brown, and the least chewy.
- Applesauce cookies were the most moist, but otherwise fell somewhere in the middle of the ratings.
- Almost all graphs showed large error bars, meaning the results varied.

- Date cookies were the most golden brown, the most dense, and tied for most chewy; they were the second most moist and sweet. Dates also ranked the second for overall liking.
- 4 out of 5 panelists ranked dates and the control evenly for overall liking.
- Providing less total sugar and more fiber, dates could be a good replacement for added sugar in cookies, especially for people with diabetes. More tests would be needed for more reliable data (smaller error bars).

Nutrition App Differences

needs.

My Fitness Pal

Control Cookie

Nutrition Facts Servings 22.0 Amount Per Serving calories 218 % Daily Value Total Fat 11 g 17 % Saturated Fat 4 g 18 % Monounsaturated Fat 4 g Polyunsaturated Fat 2 g Trans Fat 0 g Cholesterol 0 mg 0 % Sodium 633 mg 26 % Potassium 34 mg 1 % Total Carbohydrate 30 g 10 % Dietary Fiber 5 q Sugars 12 g 6 % Protein 3 g Vitamin A Vitamin C 3 % Calcium 5 % Iron

Banana Cookie

Nutrition Facts	
Servings 22.0	
Amount Per Serving	
calories 185	
% Dai	ly Value *
Total Fat 11 g	18 %
Saturated Fat 4 g	18 %
Monounsaturated Fat 4 g	
Polyunsaturated Fat 2 g	
Trans Fat 0 g	
Cholesterol 0 mg	0 %
Sodium 631 mg	- 26 %
Potassium 64 mg	2 %
Total Carbohydrate 21 g	7 %
Dietary Fiber 5 g	21 %
Sugars 2 g	
Protein 3 g	6 %
Vitamin A	5 %
Vitamin C	4 %
Calcium	273 %
Iron	5 %

Cronometer

Control Cookie

Nutrition Facts		
Serving Size: 1 Serving		
Amount Per Serving		% Daily Value
Calories	228.1 kcal	11 %
Total Fat	11.5 g	18 %
Saturated Fat -	8.5 g	42 %
Trans Fat	0 g	
Cholesterol	0 mg	0 %
Sodium	168.1 mg	7 %
Total Carbohydrate	29.4 g	10 %
Dietary Fiber	2.6 g	11 %
Sugars —	13.5 g	
Protein	3.1 g	6 %
Vitamin A 0	% • Vitamin C	1 %
Calcium 4	% • Iron	7 %

Banana Cookie

Nutrition Facts Serving Size: 1 Serving		
Amount Per Serving	g	% Daily Value*
Calories	198.5 kcal	10 %
Total Fat	11.5 g	18 %
Saturated Fat	8.5 g	42 %
Trans Fat	0 g	
Cholesterol	0 mg	0 %
Sodium	166.8 mg	7 %
Total Carbohydrate	21.7 g	7 %
Dietary Fiber	2.8 g	11 %
Sugars	5.3 g	
Protein	3.2 g	6 %
Vitamin A	0 % • Vitamin C	2 %
Calcium	3 % • Iron	7 %
* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie		

References

"Cowboy Cookies." Pick Up Limes. https://www.pickuplimes.com/recipe/one-bowl-vegan-cowboy-cookies-41. Accessed 9 September 2021.

Cronometer, 2021. https://cronometer.com/. Accessed November 2021.

Unsplash. https://unsplash.com/s/photos/banana. Accessed 6 December 2021.

"What is Diabetes." *CDC.* https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/basics/diabetes.html. Accessed 23 September 2021.



Thank you!



Questions?